

Requiem Tuba mirum

Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart

Andante
Solo Pos. 2

The musical score consists of three staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a time signature of 12/16. It starts with a forte (*f*) dynamic, followed by a half rest, then a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. A first ending bracket labeled '1' covers a phrase of eighth notes, which concludes with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The second staff continues the melodic line with various articulations and slurs. The third staff also begins with a first ending bracket labeled '1' and concludes with a double bar line.

Rimsky-Korsakov — Scheherazade, Op. 35

Trombone II.

II.

Lento. Recit. 3 **Andantino.** 20 **Tempo giusto.** 1 **A** 21 **B** (poco più mosso.) 1

Viol. Cad. **Allegro molto.** **Recit. Molto moderato.** **Solo. con forza** **ad lib.** **lingu**

Tempo giusto. (Allegro molto.) **Recit. Molto moderato.** **Solo. con forza** **ad lib.** **lingu**

Tromba. **Tempo giusto. (Allegro molto.)** **risoluto e marcato** **G.P.** **lingu**

F **Recit. Moderato assai.** **a tempo** **rit.** **a tempo** **rit.** **Tempo giusto. (Allegro molto.)** **Cad. ad lib.** **Cad. ad lib.** **Cad. ad lib.**

Vivace scherzando. Tromba I. **Tempo I.** **19** **I** **16**

H **2** **poco string.** **f** **Tempo I.** **19** **I** **16**

19 **K** **p** **8**

L **Recit. Moderato assai.** **a tempo** **rit.** **Cad. ad lib.** **1** **Cad.**

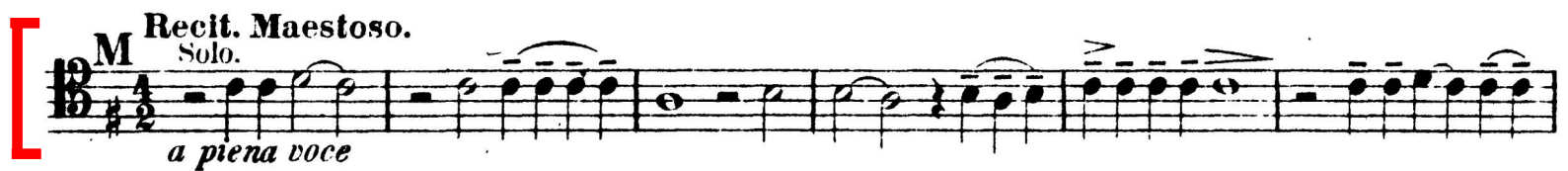
a tempo **Allegro molto ed animato.** **Con moto.** **19** **1** **1** **1** **2**

1 **Cad.** **19** **1** **1** **2**

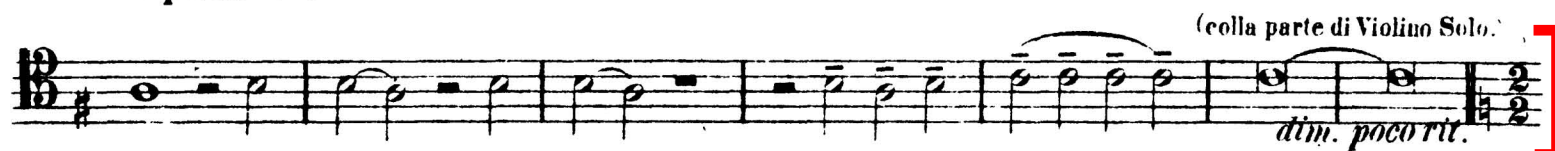
Nicolai Rimsky-Korsakov
Russian Easter Overture, Op. 36

Trombone II.

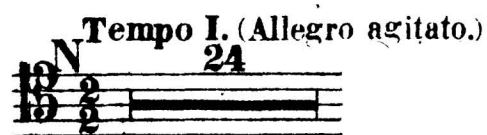
Recit. Maestoso.
M Solo.
a piena voce



(colla parte di Violino Solo.)
dim. poco rit.



Tempo I. (Allegro agitato.)
N 24



2. Posaune.

51 III. Pos. 4 52 4 53 8 54 6 55 11 I. Pos.

56 2 57 4

60 2 61 Tenortuba 62 1 63

64 65 2 66 6 67 6 68 I. Pos.

69 70 71 1 72 2 73 2 74 6 75 2

ff *ff* *ff* *f* *cresc.* *ff* *ff* *ff* *dim.* *p* *cresc.* *f* *mf* *ff* *mf* *dim.* *p*

Posaune II.

19 *ff*

20 15 21 11 22 Cello und Hörner. *p*

23 Pos. I. *pp*

24 *ff* *ff*

25 5 *ff*

26 leichtfertig, schnell und schattenhaft *fff* *longa* *acceler*

27 (gedämpft) *dim.*

28 11 *allmählich lebhafter* *Volles Zeitmass. (sehr lebhaft)*

29 3 Pos. III. *p* *poco rit. etwas gemächlicher* *mf cresc.* *f* *ff*

30 *ff*

31 *molto marc.* *ff*

Posaune II.

8

32 7

f ff molto marc.

33 16 34 3 Tromp. I. *pp* 35 *fp*

2 5 36 *fp f ff*

immer ausgelassener und lebhafter

37 *ff* 38 *ff*

drohend *gleich gütig droh-*

end 3 *ff* *ff*

39 *etwas breiter klüglich* *ff* *fff* *ff*

40 *p subito* 12 *Epilog: Doppelt so langsam (im Zeitmass des Anfangs 4) Sehr lebhaft.* *Hörner* 3 *f*

1 *f ff ff fff*

Ouverture zu „Die Diebische Elster“

Gioacchino Rossini

Allegro



G. ROSSINI
GUGLIELMO TELL
SINFONIA

TROMBONE II.

Andante

A

23

13

B

11

Allegro

31

13

C

ff

(Vni)

(Cor.)

D

sf

sf

sf

sf

sf

E

1

La damnation de Faust
PREMIÈRE PARTIE

Hector Berlioz

Scène III

Marche hongroise

Allegro marcato (♩=88)

75 H 11 Bns, Vllcs I Vns I *p*

91 *poco cresc.* *mf cresc.* *ff* *ff* J

99 *ff* *ff*

104 K

110 L

117 *p* *p* *f* *f* 1 5

129 M *f*

136 N

143

149

Erster Tag: Die WALKÜRE

Richard Wagner

Vorspiel
Stürmisch Pos. 3+4

2. Szene
Langsam Solo *ff*
den Va-ter fand ich *pp*

Lebhaft *ff*

Pos. 1+2 *f*

piu f *ff*

III. Akt *Lebhaft* 35

Walkürenritt *f*

A handwritten musical score on four staves. The notation is in treble and bass clefs with a key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The time signature is 12/8. The score includes various musical notations such as eighth notes, sixteenth notes, and rests. There are two red brackets: one on the first staff at the beginning and one on the fourth staff at the end. The word 'f' (forte) is written at the end of the first staff and below the second staff. The word 'ff' (fortissimo) is written below the third and fourth staves. The score ends with a double bar line and repeat dots on the fourth staff.

Bruckner — Symphony No. 7 in E Major

Tenor-Posaune

4. Satz (Finale)

Bewegt, doch nicht schnell

6 2 1 1 6

B 20 30 C 40

50 D 60 E 70 80

1 9 5 5 10 9

90 *ff marc. sempre*

Schwer

marc. *Schwer*

100 G *ff marc. sempre*

H *ff marc.*

110 *marc.*

I 120 K 130

4 3 9 1 10

Johannes Brahms
Symphony No. 4 in E Minor, Op. 98

I-III tacet

Posaune II (Tenor)

IV

Allegro energico e passionato

f *f dim.*

Ob. I

A

Viol. I

B

C

Fl. Klar.

D

Klar. I

Ob. I

Fl. I

E

Solo

pp *espr.*

ppp *pp*

p *dim.* *pp* *rit.*

Ob. I

f *ff* *sf*

Robert Schumann

Symphony No. 4 in D Minor, Op. 120

3

TROMBONE II

Ziemlich langsam (Rather slow) ♩ = 52
Lebhaft (Lively) ♩ = 92

Measures 1-16 of the Trombone II part. The score includes various dynamics (ff, f, sf, p, cresc., ff) and articulations (accents, slurs). There are several repeat signs and first/second endings. Markings include 'string. vln. I', 'Solo', 'Tbn. I', 'Tbn. III', and 'Tbn. II'. Letters A through K are used to mark specific measures or groups of measures. A red box highlights measures 10-11, and another red box highlights measures 15-16.

Because the original instrumentation calls for Alto and Tenor Trombones, optional changes have been made, to suit modern usage, in Horns I, III, and IV, Trumpets I and II, and Trombones I and II. ALL must play the rearranged version or ALL the original.

Gustav Mahler Symphony No. 5 in C# Minor

Posaune II.

I.

1. Trauermarsch.

In gemessenem Schritt. Streng. Wie ein Kondukt.

allmählich sich beruhigend *unmerklich zu Tempo I* *Tempo I.*

zurückkehren

sf *sf* *mf* *sf* *cresc.* *sf* *sf* *sf* *p* *f*

6 11 3 3

3

2.

Stürmisch bewegt. Mit größter Vehemenz.

cresc. *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf* *mf* *p* *f*

3 1 19 1 1

pp *sf* *pp* *sf* *sf* *sf* *mf* *p* *f*

sf

1 20

p *p* *p* *p* *p* *cresc.*

Gehalten. *24* *Etwas drängend.*

nicht eilen *Wuchtig.*

molto sf *f* *f* *f* *sf*

25

8

II.

Kräftig, nicht zu schnell.
poco rit. a tempo **1**

